

FIG.1

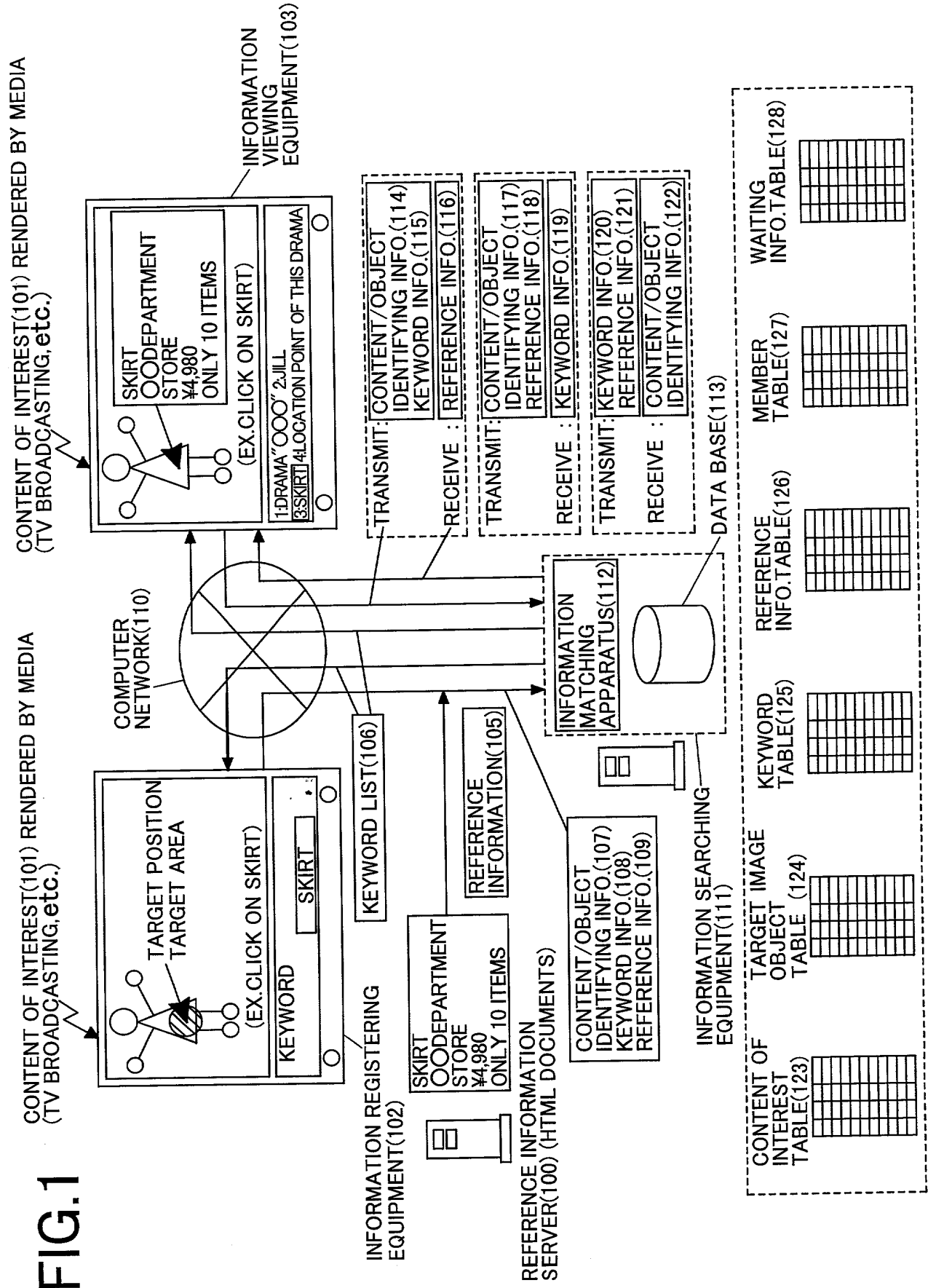


FIG.2

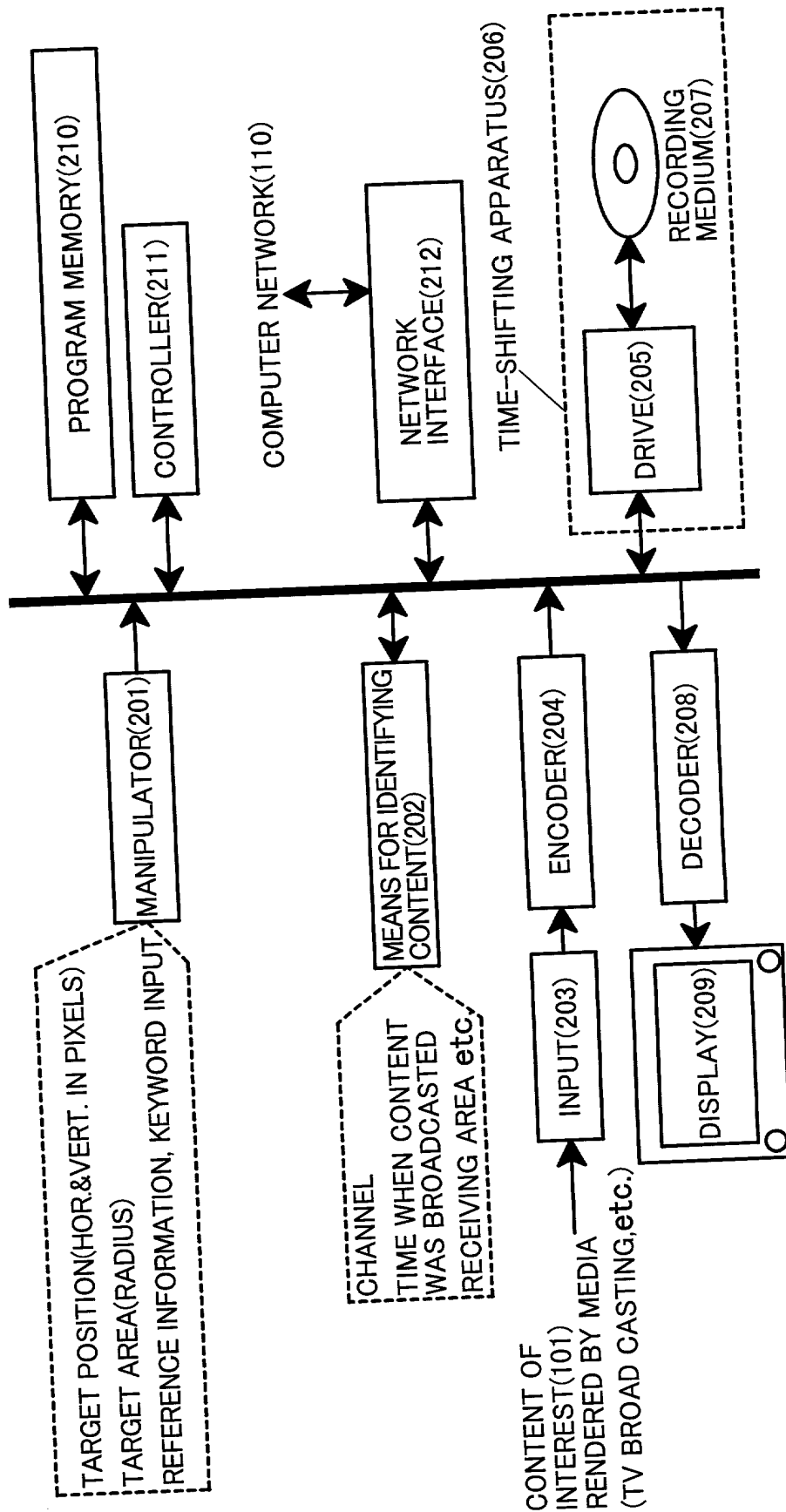
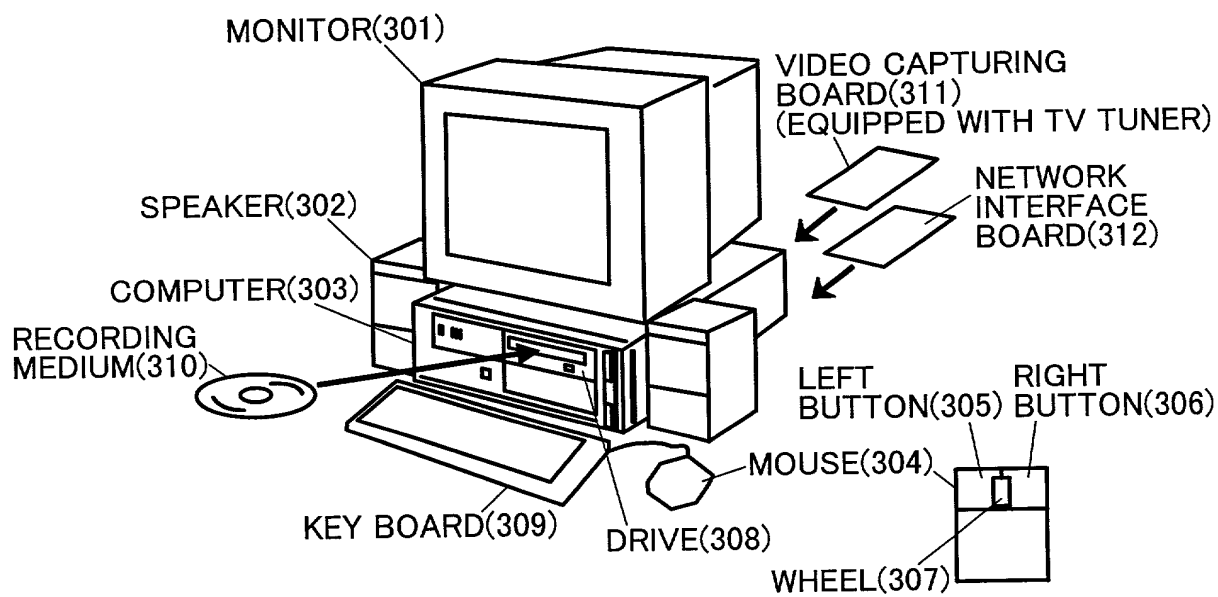
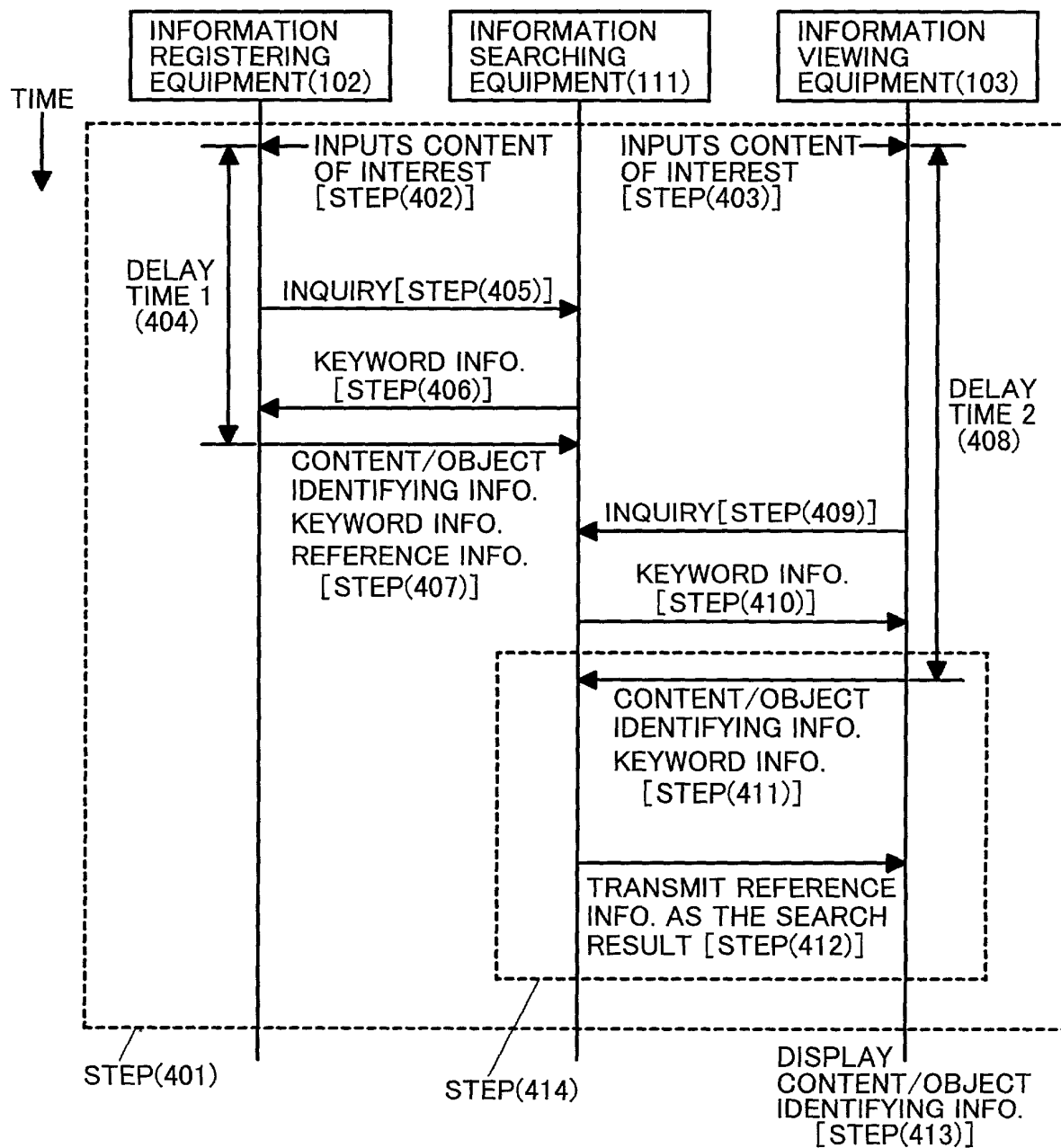


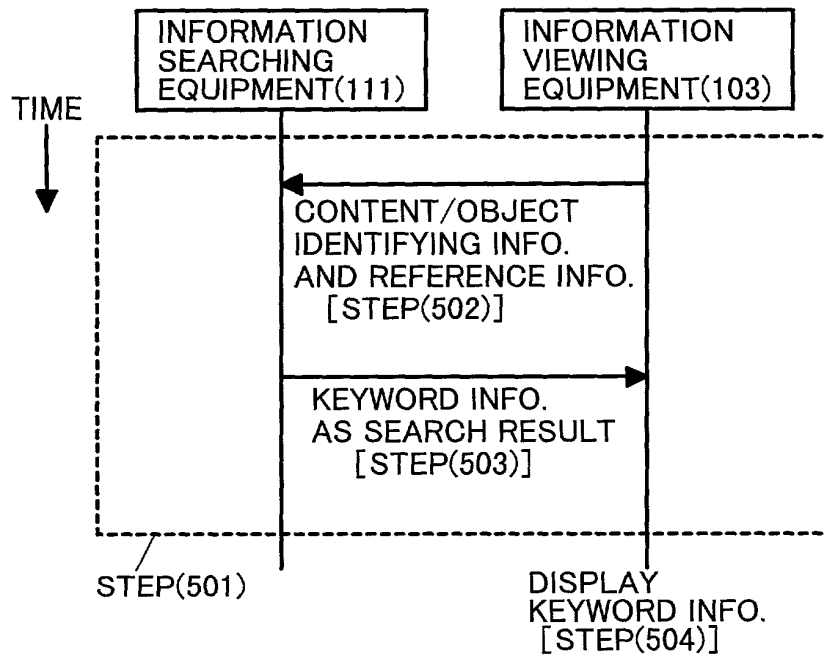
FIG.3



# FIG.4



# FIG.5



# FIG.6

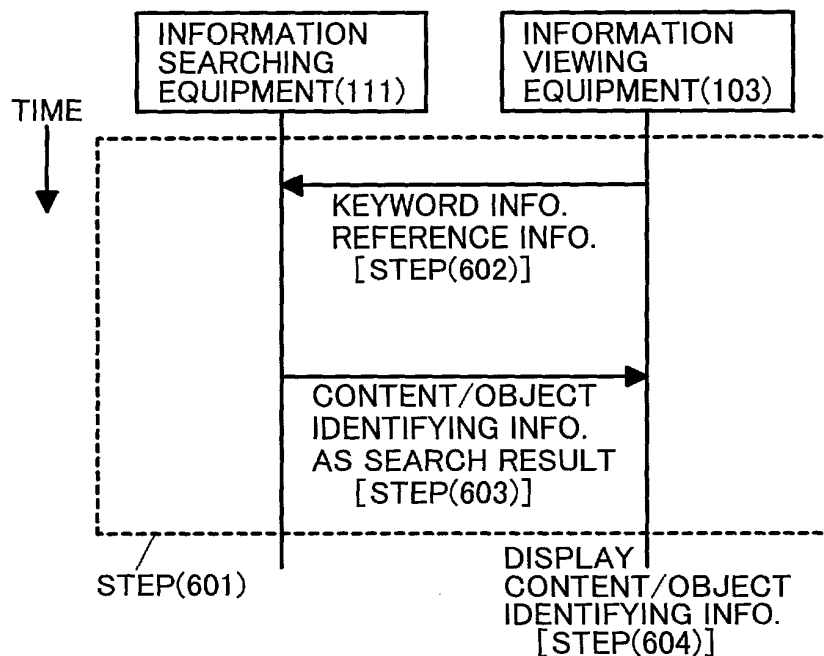


FIG.7

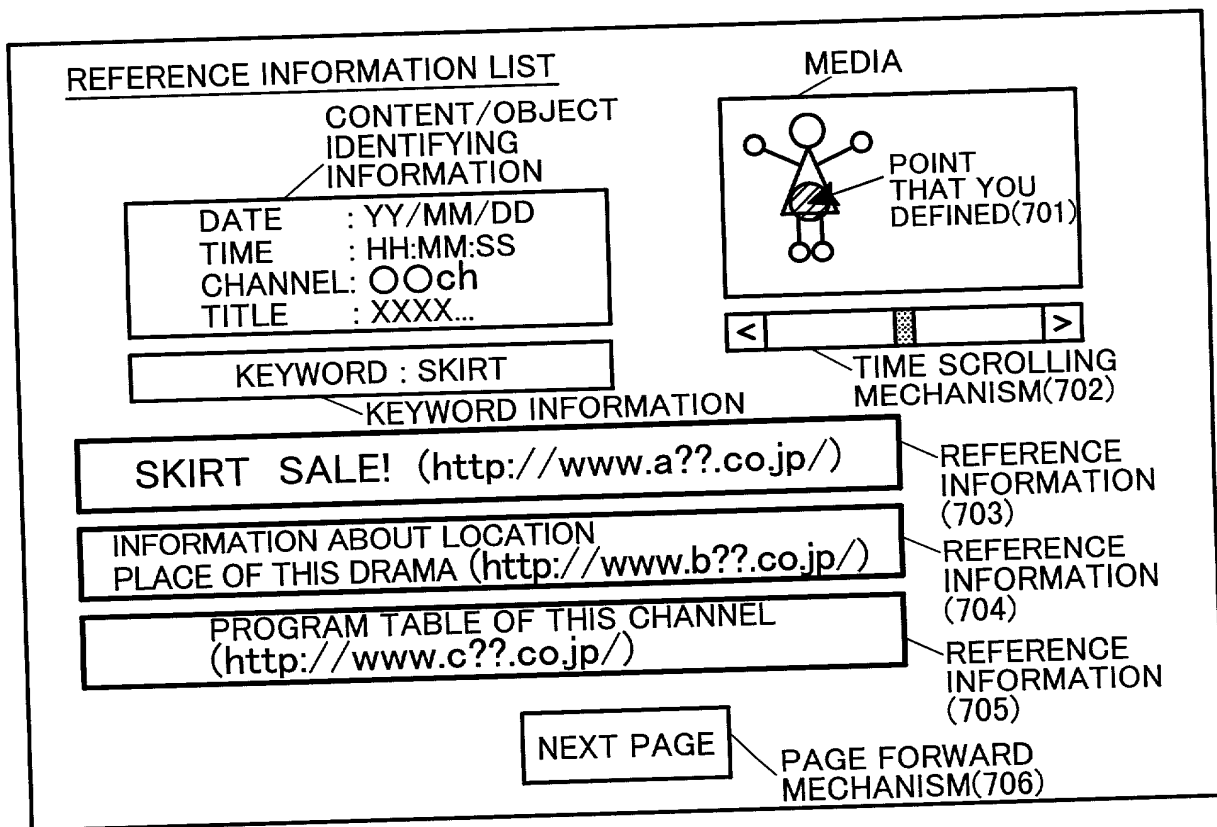
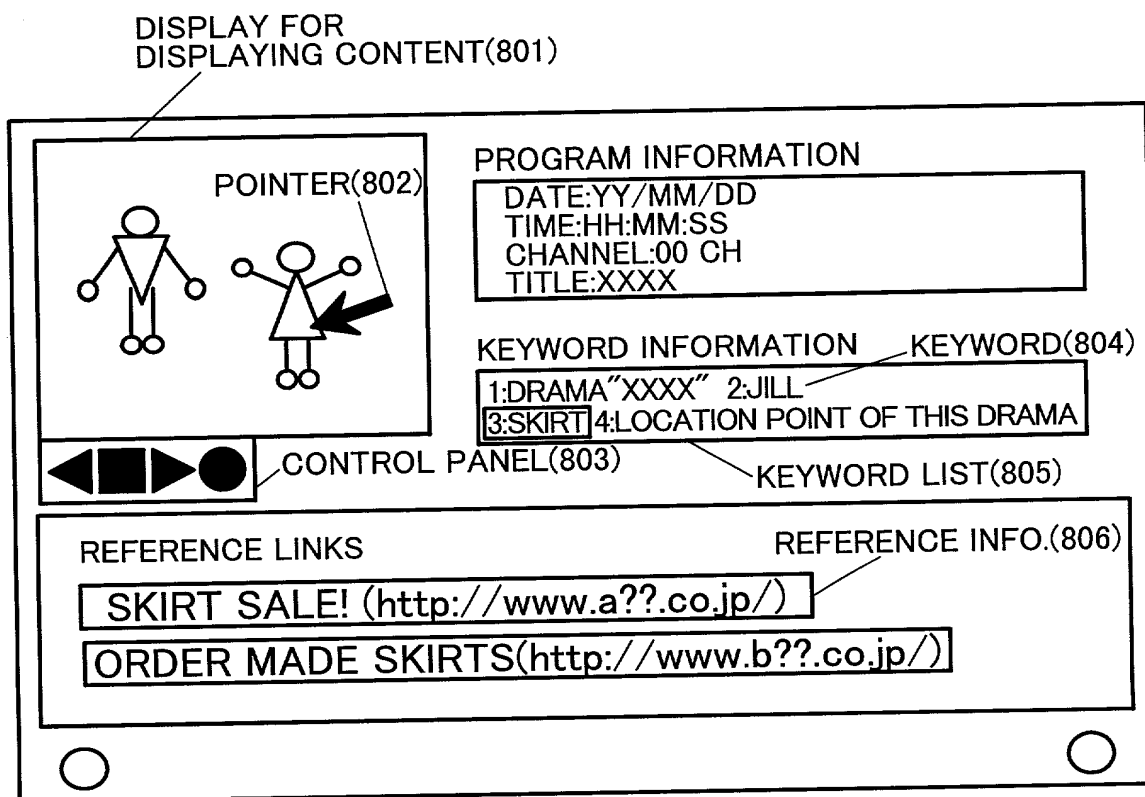


FIG.8



# FIG.9

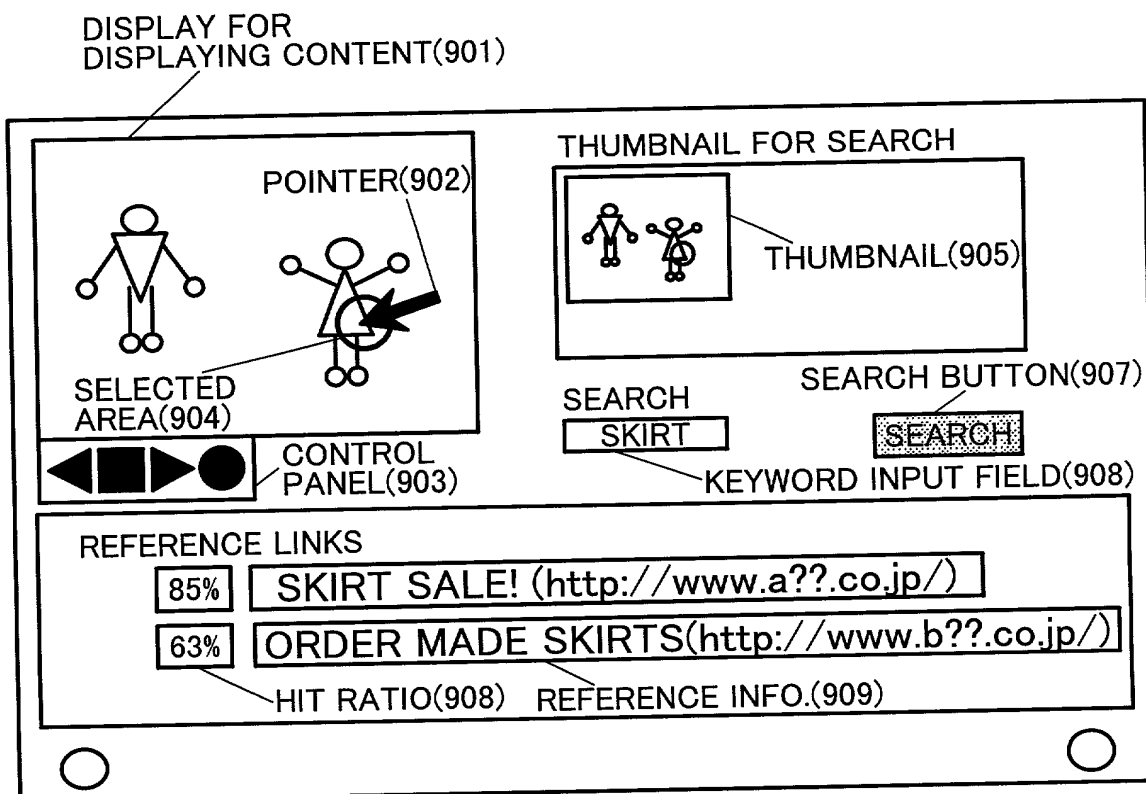




FIG.10

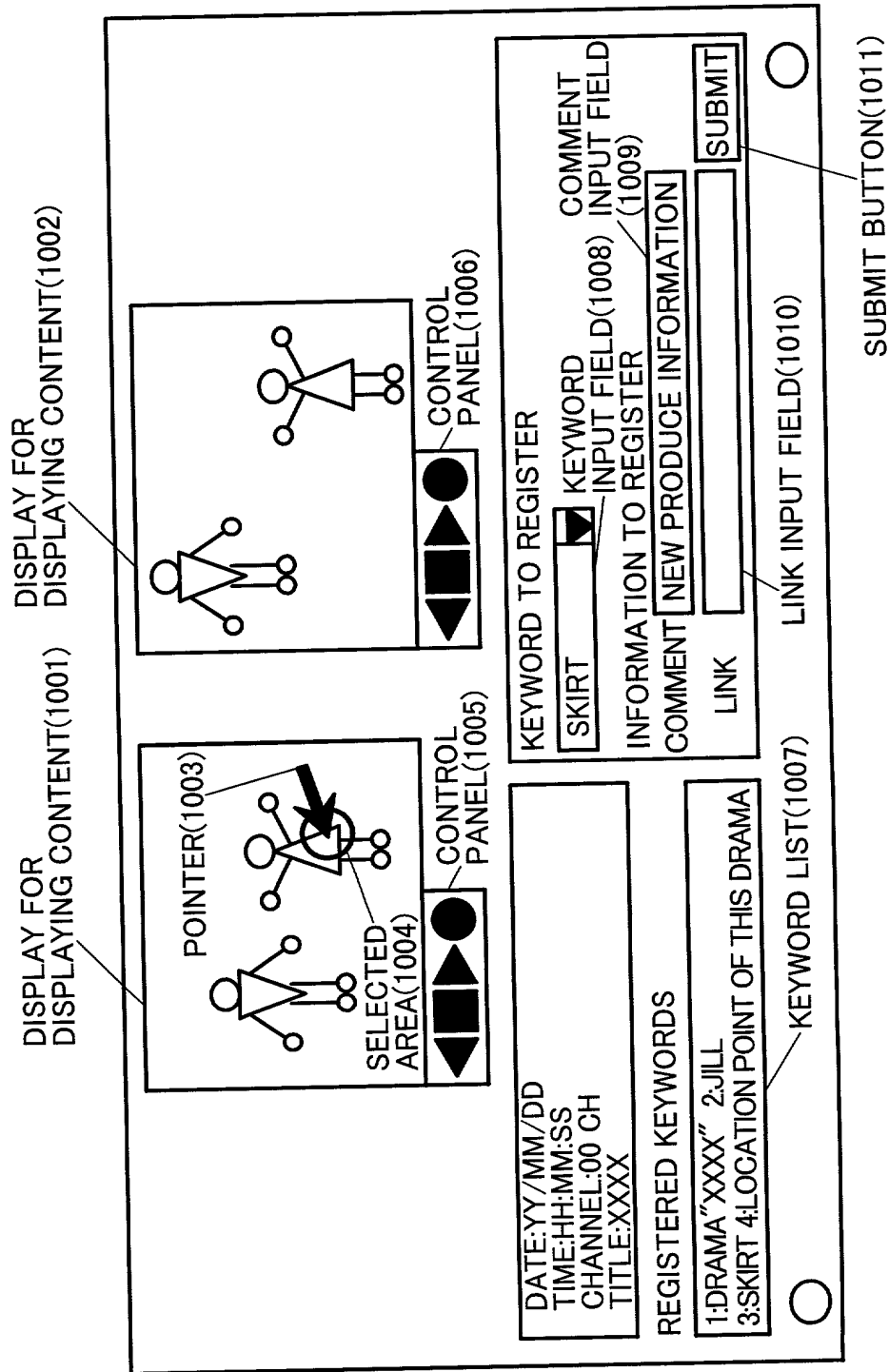


FIG.11

CONTENT OF INTEREST TABLE(123)

ID	PROGRAM NAME	DATE, TIME	CHANNEL
001	PG1		
002	PG2		

KEYWORD TABLE(125)

ID	KEYWORD	PROGRAM ID	PARENT ID	URL
001	PROFESSIONAL BASEBALL	001		
002	PLAYER A	001		
003	HELMET	001		

REFERENCE INFO. TABLE(126)

ID	COMMENT	KEYWORD ID	URL
001	HOME PAGE 1	001	A_
002	FAN SITE	002	B_
003	OFFICIAL HP	002	C_
004	MAKER HP	003	D_

TARGET IMAGE OBJECT TABLE(124)

ID	TIME, FRAME	LINK ID	AREA
001	IMAGE OBJECT INFO. 1	002	
002	IMAGE OBJECT INFO. 2	002	
003	IMAGE OBJECT INFO. 3	003	
004	IMAGE OBJECT INFO. 4	004	

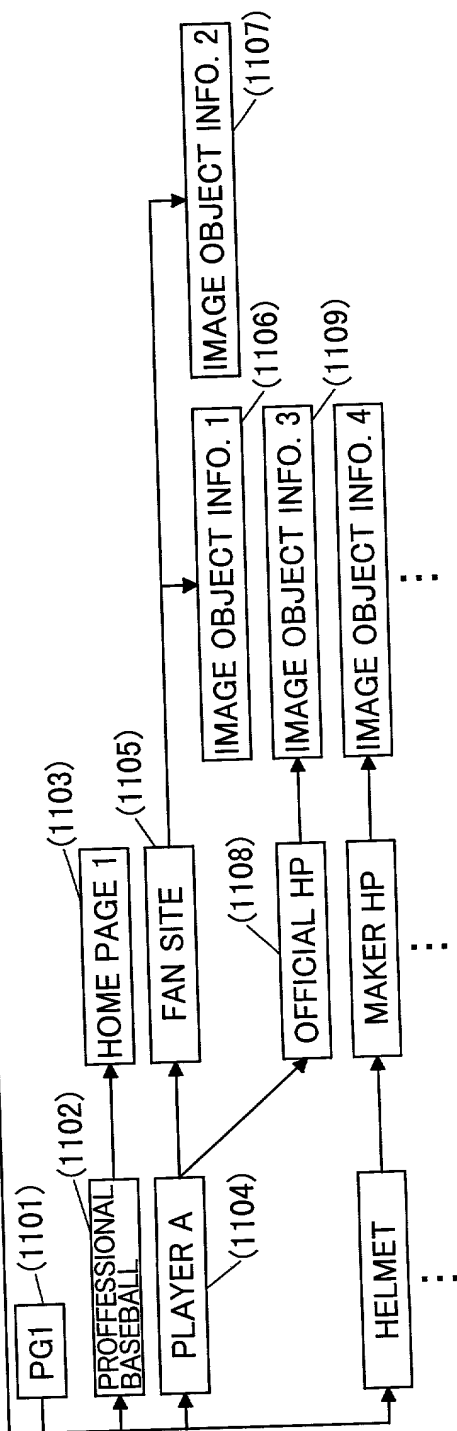
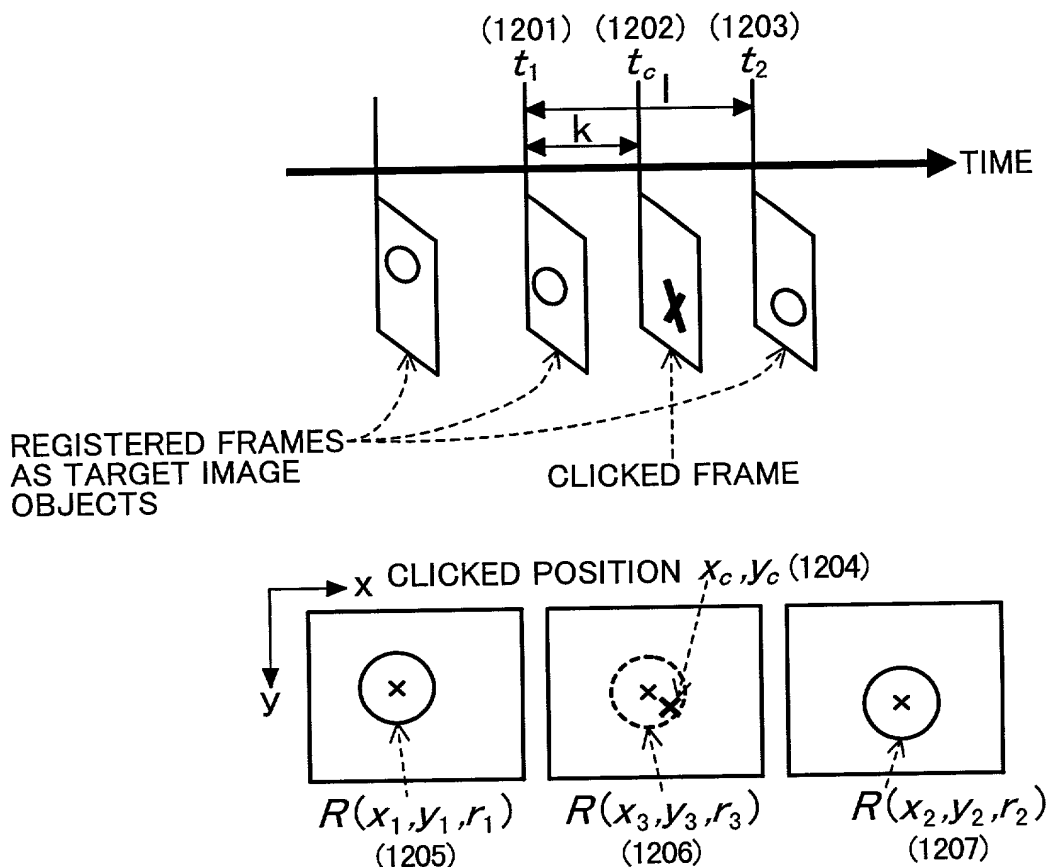


FIG.12



DEFINE  $R(x_a, y_a, r_a)$  AS THE SET OF  $x$ 's AND  $y$ 's THAT SATISFY

$$(x - x_a)^2 + (y - y_a)^2 \leq r_a^2$$

$x_3, y_3, r_3$  ARE DEFINED AS FOLLOWS.

$$x_3 = \frac{k}{l} x_2 + (1 - \frac{k}{l}) x_1$$

$$y_3 = \frac{k}{l} y_2 + (1 - \frac{k}{l}) y_1$$

$$r_3 = \frac{k}{l} r_2 + (1 - \frac{k}{l}) r_1$$

THEN IF THE CONDITION  $(x_c, y_c) \in R(x_3, y_3, r_3)$  IS SATISFIED FOR THE CLICKED POSITION  $x_c, y_c$ , IT IS JUDGED THAT THE CLICKED POSITION FALLS WITHIN THE AREA OF IMAGE OBJECT REGISTERED